CODECAT-EZ TM	A Tool for Behavioral Health Treatment and Service Providers Working with Adults, Children, Youth and Families
Recovery-oriented Co-occurring Competency: A Clinician Self-assessment Tool	Version 1.0
Authors: Christie A. Cline, MD and Kenneth Minkoff, MD ©2009 ZiaPartners, Inc.	San Rafael, CA 94901 e: <i>info@ziapartners.com</i> W: <i>www.ziapartners.com</i>
Name:	
Role or Job Title:	
Program Name:	
Agency Name:	
Date Completed:	

TERMS OF NON-EXCLUSIVE LICENSE

ZIAPARTNERS, INC. ("Licensor") is the Owner of all right title and interest in the **CODECAT-EZTM** (Version 1.0) (the "Licensed Materials").

The Licensed Materials are available for use only through purchase from ZiaPartners, Inc. and in accordance with the terms of this Non-Exclusive License Agreement.

Purchase of the Licensed Materials constitutes the following agreement by the purchaser/user ("User"):

1. <u>Grant of License</u>. The Licensed Materials are the sole and exclusive property of Licensor and are copyrighted. Upon the terms and conditions set forth herein, Licensor hereby grants to User a non-exclusive license to use the Licensed Materials. The License is limited to use in a single project only and may not be used in connection with any other project or for any other purpose. Nothing contained herein shall be construed to prevent Licensor from granting other licenses for the use of the Licensed Materials. The license herein granted does not include the right to obtain supplements, additions, republications, renewals, reissues, and extensions of the Licensed Materials.

2. <u>Limitation on Use of Trade Name or Trademark</u>. Neither the granting of the license herein nor the acceptance of royalty hereunder shall constitute an authorization or approval of, or acquiescence in the use of the Licensor's name or any trade name or trademark of the Licensor in connection with the use of the Licensed Materials, and the Licensor hereby expressly reserves all rights with respect to thereto.

3. <u>Warranty Exclusion</u>. Information and materials provided by Licensor in the Licensed Materials are licensed to User on an "AS IS" basis, without warranty or conditions of any kind, express or implied, including but not limited to warranties of merchantability, merchantable quality, satisfactory quality, fitness for a particular purpose. The results of the information contained in the Licensed Materials or the results from the use or application of the materials and systems contained in the Licensed Materials are not guaranteed or warranted by Licensor and all such results are assumed by the User. Nothing contained in the Licensed Materials shall be deemed to constitute the giving of medical advice or the establishment of any medical treatment or treatment regimen. Licensor shall have no liability to User or to any other person for any direct, incidental, special or consequential damages whatsoever, including any loss of revenue, profit, increase in expense, or other commercial or economic loss, even if any such damages may be foreseeable. Licensor is not responsible for the claims of any third party. It is expressly understood that the limit of Licensor's liability is the amount of royalty paid by User.

No representation or warranty has been made by the Licensor that the Licensed Materials or parts thereof may be used free of rights of others, it being understood that Licensor shall not be liable for any loss, damage or expense arising from any claim of copyright infringement upon use thereof.

4. <u>Limitation on User</u>. The Licensed Materials are licensed to User solely for User's use in its business for a single project and for no other purpose. User shall not, without the express written permission of Licensor:

(a) Assign, transfer, sub-license or otherwise convey an interest in the Licensed Materials, or any part thereof.

(b) Reproduce and/or disseminate in any manner the Licensed Materials, or any part thereof, to any third person, with the exception of User's own employees or project participants who will implement the use of the Licensed Materials for User.

User shall inform all project participants of the restrictions imposed by this Agreement.

5. <u>Governing Law</u>. This Agreement is made in California and shall be interpreted, construed and governed according to the laws of the State of California.

LICENSOR:

ZIAPARTNERS, INC.

CODECAT-EZTM Guide

Welcome! We are delighted that you have an opportunity to use CODECAT-EZTM to help improve

services for individuals and families with complex lives. **CODECAT-EZTM** is a tool for clinicians working on their recovery-oriented co-occurring competency development. This tool provides a way for staff to evaluate their own attitudes/values and knowledge/skills related to helping people and families with complex lives make progress in recovery. **CODECAT-EZTM** also provides supervisory staff with a structured process to assist staff with competency development. We hope that you find the process to be enjoyable and helpful to you.



Co-occurring Issues (Also called Co-occurring Conditions, Co-occurring Disorders and Dual Diagnosis): An individual has co-occurring behavioral health issues if he or she has any combination of any mental health and any substance use problem, even if the issues have not yet been diagnosed. Many systems and programs are including trauma issues, problem gambling and nicotine dependence in the list of co-occurring behavioral health issues also apply to families. One member may have one kind of problem, such as a child with an emotional disturbance, and another member may have another kind of problem, such as a parent or caregiver with a substance use issue. This attention to affected families has given rise to the concept of a "co-occurring family."

<u>Co-occurring Competency:</u> For any **person** delivering care to individuals and families with co-occurring issues or other complex concerns, recovery-oriented co-occurring competency involves developing core attitudes/values and knowledge/skills so that the care provider becomes a helpful, hopeful, and skillful partner to the individuals and families with co-occurring issues in his or her caseload. These attitudes/values and knowledge/skills are core competencies of the person's job, applied in the program in which he or she works. Further, these core competencies are applied in accordance with that person's level of training, licensure, and experience. An individual providing care to individuals and families with co-occurring issues or special certification to become co-occurring competent; co-occurring competency is achievable by individuals with one license, two licenses or no license at all, including peer specialists, residential aides, case managers, and support staff who may be working directly with individuals or families with co-occurring issues.

Co-occurring Capability: (Minkoff & Cline, 2006¹) For any type of **program**, within the mission and resources of that program, recovery-oriented co-occurring capability involves designing every aspect of that program at every level on the assumption that the next person "coming to the door" of the program is likely to have co-occurring issues and needs, and that they need to be welcomed for care, engaged with empathy and the hope of recovery, and provided what they need in a person-specific and integrated fashion in order to make progress toward having a happy productive life. Recovery-oriented co-occurring capability necessitates that all care is welcoming and person-centered. This dynamic approach to service and care is attuned to people and families with diverse goals, strengths, histories and cultures. Co-occurring capability involves looking at all aspects of program design and functioning in order to embed integrated policies, procedures and practices in the operations of the program to make it easier and more routine for each clinician to deliver co-occurring competent care successfully.

<u>CCISC</u>--CCISC (Comprehensive Continuous Integrated System of Care) (Minkoff and Cline, 2004², 2005³) is both a framework and a process for designing a whole system of care to be about the complex needs of the individuals and families being served. In CCISC, all programs in the system engage in partnership with other programs, along with the leadership of the system, and consumer and family stakeholders, to

become welcoming, recovery-oriented, and co-occurring capable. In addition, every person delivering and supporting care is engaged in a process to become welcoming, recovery-oriented, and co-occurring competent as well.

Implementation of CCISC in real world systems with limited resources is based on significant advances in clinical knowledge over the last two decades. We now have enough knowledge to know how to successfully embed practices in any program in order to be helpful to individuals and families with complex needs. Such practices are organized by **Eight Core CCISC Principles** (See Minkoff and Cline, 2004², 2005³), and placed in an integrated recovery framework to create a common language throughout the whole system. Such practices involve welcoming access, integrated screening and assessment, empathic hopeful integrated relationships, stage-matched interventions, strength-based skill-based learning, and using positive contingencies to reward progress a day at a time. CCISC implementation helps all programs in the system, through the use of tools such **COMPASS-EZTM** for program self-assessment, and **CODECAT-EZTM** for clinician self-assessment, to learn how to apply the CCISC principles to build recovery-oriented co-occurring capability into all areas of practice and programming.

<u>Complexity Capability</u>: In the past decade, CCISC has evolved to address more than just mental health and substance use issues. In real world behavioral health and health systems, individuals and families with <u>multiple</u> co-occurring needs are an expectation, not an exception. Individuals and families not only have substance use and mental health issues, they frequently have medical issues, legal issues, trauma issues, housing issues, parenting issues, educational issues, vocational issues and cognitive/learning issues. In addition, these individuals and families are culturally and linguistically diverse. In short, these are people and families who are characterized by "**complexity**," and they tend to have poorer outcomes and higher costs of care. However, instead of systems being designed to clearly welcome and prioritize these complex individuals and families with high risk and poor outcomes, individuals and families with complexity have historically been experienced as "misfits" at every level. This realization has become a major driver for comprehensive system change.

In order for systems with scarce resources to successfully address the needs of the individuals and families with complex co-occurring issues who are the "expectation," it is not adequate to fund a few "special programs" to work around a fundamentally mis-designed system. We need to engage in a process of organizing everything we do at every level with every scarce resource we have to be about all the complex needs of the people and families seeking help. By doing a self-assessment of capability or competency to routinely address complexity in an integrated manner, each program can begin an organized process to become a welcoming recovery-oriented "Complexity Capable" program, and each person delivering care can begin a process to become more welcoming, recovery-oriented, and "Complexity Competent" as well. Some systems implementing CCISC have begun to use this terminology to reflect this broader perspective. We anticipate that over time the term "Co-occurring Capability" may well be replaced with "Complexity Capability."

☆ What is CODECAT-EZ™?

CODECAT-EZTM is a key tool in the successful implementation of the **Comprehensive Continuous Integrated System of Care (CCISC).**

CODECAT-EZTM is used by systems, agencies, and programs as part of the **CCISC** process to help improve services to individuals and families with co-occurring mental health and substance use issues, and other complex needs (i.e., medical needs, disability needs, housing needs, etc.). The **CCISC** process is specifically designed to change the way programs and systems are organized to support good clinical care for people with co-occurring issues.

Most important, from the clinician point of view, CCISC is also designed to help each clinician in each program feel more successful and have more fun working with the people and families with complex needs who they are already serving.

What are the Outcomes of Using the Tool?

For a clinician, the **CODECAT-EZTM** allows you to see where you feel that you have strengths in working with clients with co-occurring disorders, and where you feel that you have room to grow. This helps you to identify areas that you want to work on, and areas in which further training or practice will be helpful for you. It also introduces you to the principles of **CCISC** and how they might be applied to help you with your own work.

For a supervisor, the **CODECAT-EZTM** allows you to see how your perceptions of your staff's competencies compare to their perceptions of themselves. This helps you know where they might need more support or training, and helps you work with your staff more effectively in order for them to grow as clinicians and to be more effective with the people they serve.

For a program, looking at the results of the **CODECAT-EZTM** for ALL clinicians as a group, or ALL supervisors as a group, can help the program identify clinical strengths, as well as identify areas for further training and practice support.

How is the Tool Organized?

The CODECAT-EZ[™] has two parts.

Part 1: <u>The first part of the tool is for "clinicians."</u>. By "clinician," we mean anyone who is working with individual clients (adults, adolescents, or children) or families who have mental health and/or substance use disorders or issues.

For children's services, "co-occurring" often relates to **families** where one member has one kind of problem, like a child with an emotional disturbance, and another member another kind of problem, like a family member with a substance use issue. Working with families is mentioned in many, but not all of the items. The language "client and family" can be substituted for "client" in any item.

A clinician can be a licensed clinician, a certified counselor, a peer support worker, a psychiatrist, a trainee, a residential technician or aide, or a nurse; anyone who is working in a role that involves trying to be helpful to clients with behavioral health needs. <u>The clinician part of the tool looks at attitudes, values, knowledge and skills as they relate to direct client care for people with co-occurring disorders.</u>

Part Two: <u>The second part of the tool is for "clinical supervisors."</u> By "supervisor," we mean anyone who has, as part of their job, the responsibility of supervising clinicians and helping them to do their jobs.

A supervisor can spend some time doing direct clinical work, and some time supervising other clinicians, and would still qualify as a supervisor for the purpose of this tool. The supervisor part of the tool looks specifically at <u>supervisor perceptions-the extent to which the supervisor feels the people he or she supervises have co-occurring competent attitudes, values, knowledge, and skills.</u>

Since many supervisors are also clinicians, it may make sense for them to do <u>both</u> parts of the tool: the clinician part related to their own clinical work, and the supervisor part related to their perceptions of the competencies of the people that they supervise.

Note: The tool can be easily adapted for clinicians and supervisors in prevention and early intervention services, and other "non-treatment" programs, as well as for clinicians and supervisors in developmental disability services.

What is the Difference Between CODECAT-EZTM and CODECATTM?

CODECATTM (2001) was the first tool that could help clinicians with a varied backgrounds working in a variety of programs (mental health, substance abuse, adult, child or adolescent) perform a self-assessment of what was then termed Dual Diagnosis Competency (DDC), and is now more commonly termed Co-occurring Competency.

CODECAT-EZTM is a significant simplification and update of the original **CODECATTM**. **CODECAT-EZTM** is used the same way as the original **CODECATTM**. For systems or programs that have been using the original tool, the **CODECAT-EZTM** should now replace the original tool.

Why did we create this update?

- To simplify and shorten the original **CODECATTM** to make it easier to understand and quicker to use
- To strengthen the language about consumer and family involvement, hope, recovery, and resiliency
- To improve the relevance of the tool for children, youth and family programs
- To reflect current "state-of-the-art" indicators of co-occurring competency

Thank you to the hundreds of programs over the years that have used the original CODECATTM. Your experiences and recommendations have helped make the CODECAT-EZTM come to life!



<u>Preparation</u>: Before any program uses the **CODECAT-EZTM** as a survey for clinicians and supervisors, there are some important steps that are necessary to prepare staff to participate in the process.

First, we recommend that program leadership involve staff in a conversation about the program's goal to develop co-occurring capability, and the goal of the program to help all staff develop co-occurring competency. This is necessary to build a context in which using the tool makes sense for all the participants.

Second, we recommend that the program use the **COMPASS-EZTM** for a <u>program</u> self-assessment <u>before</u> using the **CODECAT-EZTM** for clinicians. Following the program self-assessment, the program should develop and begin to implement an "action plan" to improve co-occurring capability in the program. Again, this is to demonstrate to the staff that the program is committed to making changes in order to support co-occurring capability.

Third, we recommend that the program plan a process for how the tool will be distributed to clinicians and supervisors, the time frame within which the tool will be completed, and a scheduled time for the clinicians and supervisors to get together to have a conversation about the experience. The conversation is more important than the scores themselves.

Self-Survey: CODECAT-EZTM is used first by clinicians and supervisors as a self-survey. Each individual reads through the items on the tool, by himself or herself, and writes down a score for each item. At the end, there is a place for totaling scores on each section. The whole process should take about 20-30 minutes. Each person has an honest conversation with himself or herself about the items and writes down his or her scores as a beginning step for further discussion and growth.

Some programs send their clinicians and supervisors home with the tool, to bring the results back the next day. Other programs set aside time in a staff meeting for everyone to sit with the tool, complete it, and then immediately begin the discussion process afterward. Either approach is fine, as long as there is time for discussion.

Discussion: Following completion of the tool, there needs to be an opportunity for supervisors and clinicians to discuss the results. The experience of using the tool allows for a more open dialogue about attitudes, values, knowledge, and skills than would otherwise occur. It is often striking that clinicians score very differently from one another, even in the same program, and even more striking that supervisors' perceptions are often mismatched in a variety of directions from the perceptions of the staff overall. These differences generate a good discussion, and the discussion itself helps the participants become more familiar with the eight core principles of CCISC.



Using the Likert Scale: Each item is rated on a Likert scale. For the Attitudes and Values section, the Likert Scale ranges from 1-Strongly Disagree to 5 -Strongly Agree. For the Knowledge and Skills section, the Likert Scale ranges from 1-Very Limited to 5-Outstanding. The ratings are easy to interpret. Each clinician or supervisor scoring the tool should select the whole number (no decimals, please!) that most closely approximates his or her perception regarding that item.

Scoring Honestly: One of the challenges of using the CODECAT-EZ[™] is the temptation to try to make your score "look and feel good." This is defeating the purpose of the tool. The goal of the tool is to do an honest self-assessment, and then for supervisors and clinicians to have an open and honest discussion about recovery-oriented co-occurring competency. In this type of process, the best score is the most accurate score. This is an important part of shifting the system culture to valuing efforts to improve. Give yourself a big round of applause every time you discover opportunities for improvement.

How Does the Tool Work?

In both the clinician part and the supervisor part, the **CODECAT-EZTM** is divided into eight sections based on the "**Eight Core CCISC Principles**." The principles relate to evidence-based approaches to co-occurring capable care, and are fundamental building blocks for the Comprehensive Continuous Integrated System of Care (**CCISC**).

Under each principle, there is a set of statements. The first set of statements is labeled "Attitudes and Values," and starts with "I believe that" (in the clinician part) or "The staff I supervise believe that" (in the supervisor part).

For each sentence in that section, your job is to rate yourself (or your staff) from 1 (strongly disagree) to 5 (strongly agree) related to how strongly you hold or believe (or, as a supervisor, you feel that your staff hold or believe) that attitude or value statement. Please choose a whole number from 1 to 5, and write it down in the box next to the sentence.

The second set of statements is labeled "**Knowledge and Skills**," and asks for a rating of the strength of your own knowledge and skills (in the clinician part) or your perception of your staff's knowledge and skills (in the supervisor part).

For each sentence in that section, your job is to rate yourself (or your staff, if you are using the tool as a supervisor,) from 1 to 5. Please choose a whole number and circle your choice for each item. At the end of Part 1 and Part 2 is a scoring sheet to total and record your scores.

VERY IMPORTANT!!! THIS IS A TOOL. IT IS NOT A TEST. YOU CANNOT FAIL. YOUR CHALLENGE ON THIS TOOL IS TO BE HONEST ABOUT HOW YOU SCORE YOURSELF OR YOUR STAFF SO YOU KNOW WHERE THE STRENGTHS AND NEEDS REALLY ARE.

₩ What Do We Do after We Complete the CODECAT-EZ[™]?

What Happens After the Tool is Filled Out? Who Gets the Scores?

Ideally, after everyone in the program has used the **CODECAT-EZ[™]**, there will be an opportunity for the program staff and supervisors to come together, and share what they have learned. This will give everyone a chance to have an open conversation and easier discussion about attitudes, values, knowledge, and skills. The discussion between supervisors and staff is particularly valuable. Supervisors often rate their staff's attitudes and skills very differently than how staff rate themselves. The tool allows these perceptions to be "put on the table." In the context of this type of conversation, the program as a whole can begin to figure out where everyone needs help, and how to provide that help.

Many programs collect the scores anonymously, to make it easier for clinicians to feel safe in scoring honestly. In other programs, clinicians may not have a problem putting their names on the tool. In any case, it is important that <u>individual</u> clinician scores are <u>not</u> "reported" or "posted" so that everyone can see what everyone else wrote down. That would interfere with the level of comfort and partnership that is needed for the tool to be helpful. Similarly, in the discussion, clinicians should be encouraged to participate, and to share their scores if they wish, but should not be required to share their scores with the group.

Most programs will, however, collect the completed tools and average the scores of <u>all</u> clinicians, and share the <u>collective</u> results (rather than individual results), so that each clinician can see what the whole group average is, and think about his or her own score in relation to that average. That usually helps everyone to further identify strengths and learning needs.

When Should We Repeat the Tool? What is the Ultimate Goal?

Once programs start using the **CODECAT-EZ**, they often find it useful to repeat the tool approximately once a year, as a way of continuing the conversation, continuing to recognize progress, and continuing to identify new learning needs. Remember, though, that the goal is NOT that everyone scores a 5 on every item. The process is one of "progress, not perfection." Over time, all clinicians and supervisors can easily experience growth and progress, as their co-occurring competency slowly and steadily improves. When this can be demonstrated, everyone in the program can, and should, get a big round of applause!!!

So that's all there is to it!!! Get started, and most of all, have some fun. The whole process should take no more than 30 minutes to complete. We hope that you find it worthwhile and helpful in your work.

¹Minkoff K & Cline CA, Dual diagnosis capability: moving from concept to implementation. Journal of Dual Diagnosis (2006), 2(2):121-134.

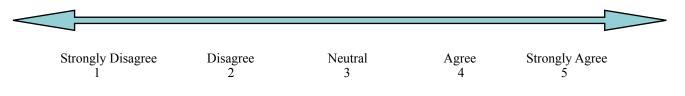
²Minkoff K & Cline CA, Changing the world: the design and implementation of comprehensive continuous integrated systems of care for individuals with co-occurring disorders. Psychiat Clin N Am (2004), 27: 727-743. ³Minkoff K & Cline CA, Developing welcoming systems for individuals with co-occurring disorders: the role of the Comprehensive Continuous Integrated System of Care model. Journal of Dual Diagnosis (2005), 1:63-89.

PART I: CLINICIAN SECTION

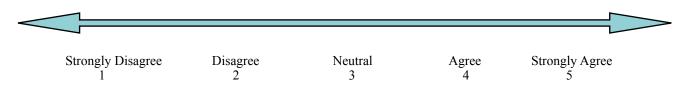
Principle 1: Co-occurring conditions and issues are an expectation, not an exception.

Attitudes and Values:

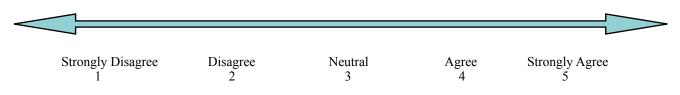
1. *I believe that* individuals and families with co-occurring issues should be welcomed wherever and whenever they present for care.



2. *I believe that* it is <u>never</u> appropriate to use negative labels (such as "manipulative," "noncompliant," "med-seeking") to describe clients (with or without co-occurring issues), even when the clients are not present.

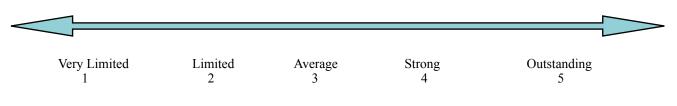


3. *I believe that* it is important to screen <u>all</u> clients for mental health issues, substance use issues, trauma issues, and medical issues.

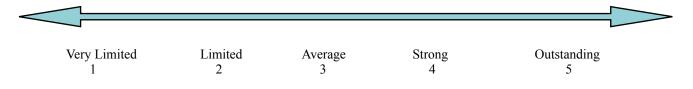


Please rate yourself on the strength of your knowledge and/or skills in the following areas:

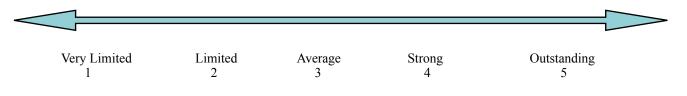
1. Welcoming clients and their families with co-occurring issues, including those with symptoms of mental illness and **active** substance use.



2. Talking <u>with and about</u> clients with co-occurring issues without using negative labels such as "non-compliant," "manipulative," "med-seeking," or "sociopath."



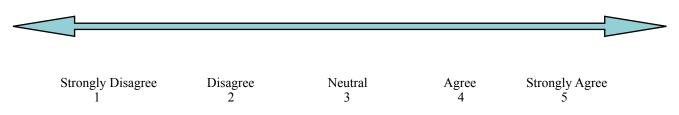
3. Screening for and documenting co-occurring mental health, substance use, trauma, and medical issues in individuals and families entering service.



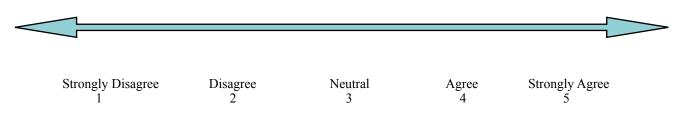
Principle 2: The foundation of a recovery partnership is an empathic, hopeful, integrated, strength-based relationship.

Attitudes and Values:

1. *I believe that* providing hope to clients and families with complex needs is one of the most important goals when we meet them.



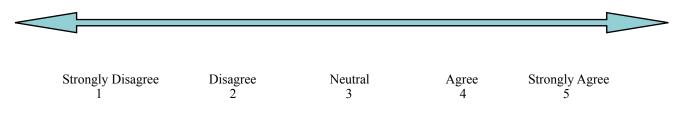
2. *I believe that* I should be a "co-occurring competent" clinician, whose job is to be helpful in an integrated manner to clients and families with <u>both</u> mental health and substance use issues.



3. *I believe that* clients should be viewed as "recurrently successful" rather than as "chronic relapsers."

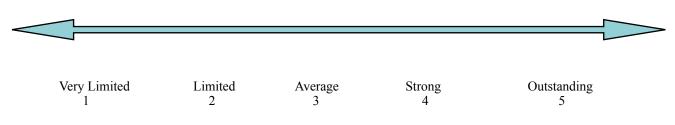
					-
Strongly Disagree 1	Disagree 2	Neutral 3	Agree 4	Strongly Agree 5	

4. *I believe that* it is important to work with clients and families as a "dual recovery partner," to help them achieve their goals for a happy, productive life.

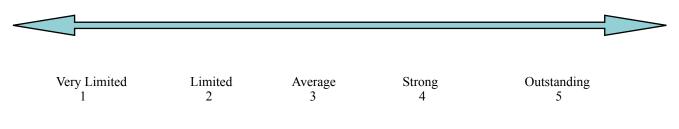


Please rate yourself on the strength of your knowledge and/or skills in the following areas:

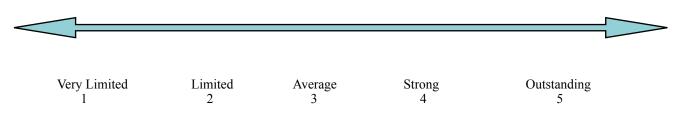
1. Asking clients and families to identify their most hopeful goals for a happy, productive life, and writing down their goals in their own words.



2. Working as an integrated "co-occurring competent" clinician, helping clients and families with <u>both</u> mental health and substance use issues make progress in each area.



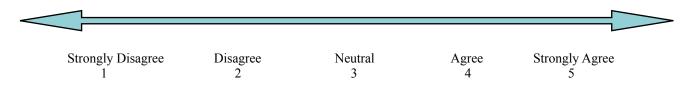
3. Knowing how to help clients with co-occurring issues identify a recent period of success in their lives, and how to help them build on their strengths demonstrated during this successful period to make further progress.



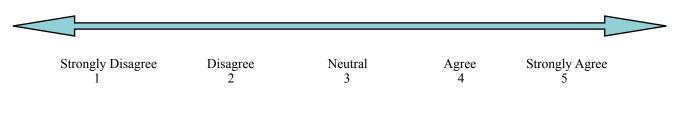
Principle 3: All people with co-occurring conditions and issues are not the same, so different parts of a system have responsibility to provide cooccurring capable services for different populations. (Reference: The Four-Quadrant Model)

Attitudes and Values:

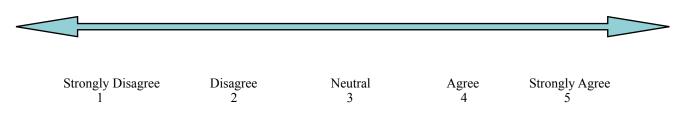
1. *I believe that* the mental health system is responsible for providing integrated services to children with serious emotional disturbance (SED) and adults with serious mental illness (SMI) who have co-occurring substance abuse and/or dependence.



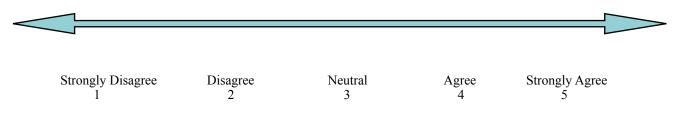
2. *I believe that* substance use disorder treatment programs should provide co-occurring capable services for people who have serious addiction and mild to moderate mental illness.



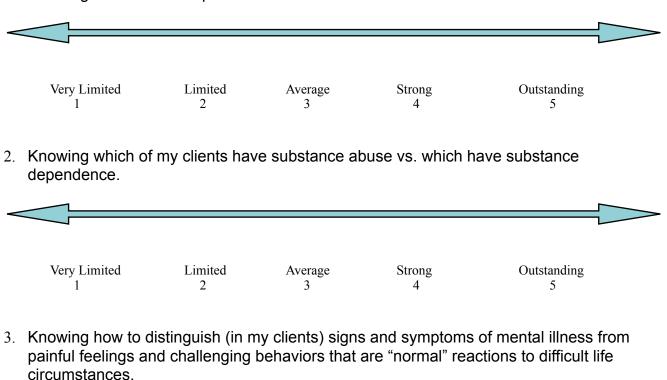
3. *I believe that* substance dependence (addiction) is a brain disease that is present in the brain even when the person with addiction is clean and sober.



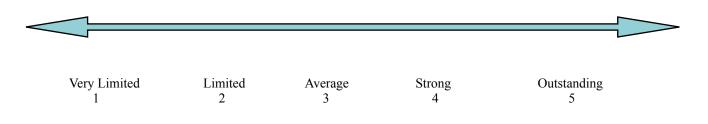
4. I believe that mental illnesses can usually be diagnosed by getting a good history even when the client is actively using substances.



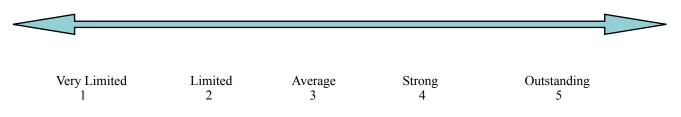
Please rate yourself on the strength of your knowledge and/or skills in the following areas:



1. Knowing what the "four-quadrant model" is.



4. Knowing how to get a history from a client who is using substances to determine if he or she is likely to have a diagnosable mental illness.



Principle 4: When co-occurring conditions and issues coexist, each condition or issue is considered primary.

Attitudes and Values:

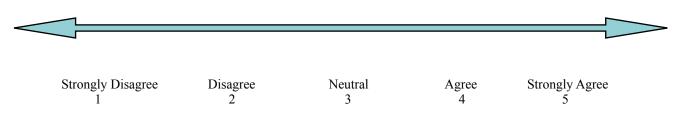
1. *I believe that* when individuals or families have multiple co-occurring problems or disorders, all the problems are "primary" because they are all important in the client's or family's life.

					>
Strongly Disagree	Disagree 2	Neutral 3	Agree 4	Strongly Agree 5	

2. *I believe that* the best practice for individuals with co-occurring disorders is to provide accurately matched interventions for each primary disorder at the same time.

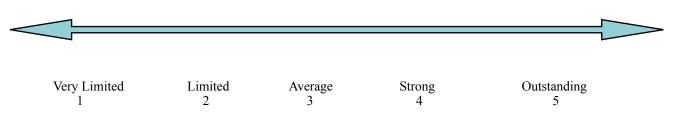
Strongly Disagree	Disagree 2	Neutral 3	Agree 4	Strongly Agree 5

3. *I believe that* it is important to maintain necessary and appropriate non-addictive medication for treatment of serious mental illness, even if the person is still using substances.

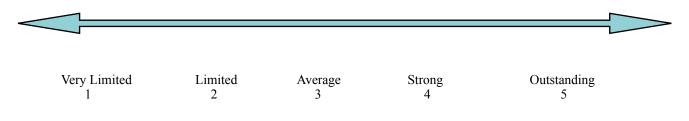


Please rate yourself on the strength of your knowledge and/or skills in the following areas:

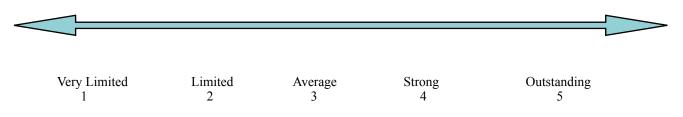
1. Listing multiple primary issues for each client (or family), starting with the issue that <u>the</u> <u>client</u> most wants to work on to achieve his or her recovery goals.



2. Helping the client (or family) identify a good set of recommendations for each problem, either on my own, or by consulting with someone more knowledgeable than I am about that problem.



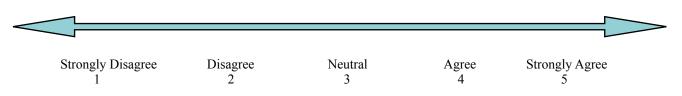
3. Helping clients (or family members) to integrate how to follow treatment recommendations for <u>each</u> of the co-occurring issues at the same time.



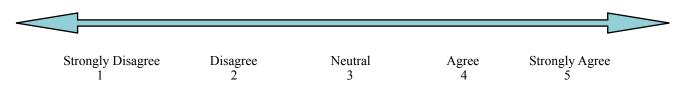
Principle 5: Recovery involves moving through stages of change and phases of recovery for each co-occurring condition and issue.

Attitudes and Values:

1. *I believe that* the concept of recovery can be applied to mental illness, addiction, and other chronic conditions, such as trauma.



2. *I believe that* all clients and families, even when they are overwhelmed by complex problems, can use their strength and resilience to experience the promise and hope of recovery, and achieve a happy productive life.



3. *I believe that* when clients have multiple problems, they are often in different stages of change for different problems.

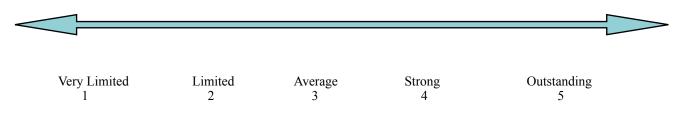
Strongly Disagree	Disagree 2	Neutral 3	Agree 4	Strongly Agree 5	

4. *I believe that* for any problem, helping individuals (or, if applicable, family members) move through stages of change is an important aspect of good treatment.

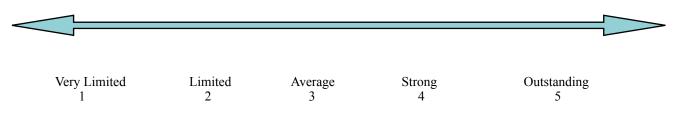
Strongly Disagree	Disagree 2	Neutral 3	Agree 4	Strongly Agree 5

Please rate yourself on the strength of your knowledge and/or skills in the following areas:

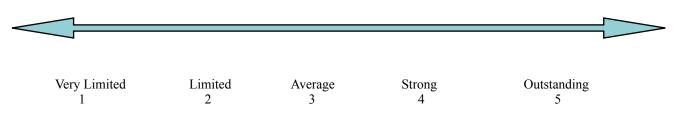
1. Talking to any client or family with co-occurring issues about the promise and hope of recovery.



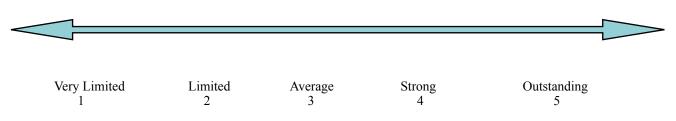
2. Identifying stage of change for each problem in my clients.



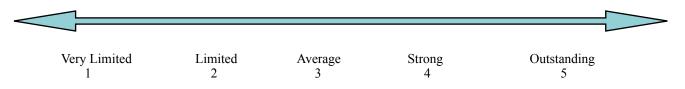
3. Knowing how to identify stage-matched interventions for each problem.



4. Using motivational interviewing strategies with clients who are in earlier stages of change.



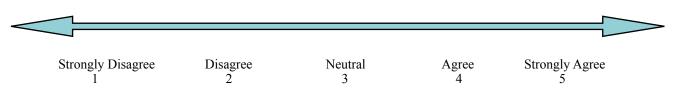
5. Welcoming and engaging clients' caregivers or significant others who may have significant substance use or mental health issues, and who are in earlier stages of change.



Principle 6: Progress occurs through adequately supported, adequately rewarded skill-based learning for each co-occurring condition and issue.

Attitudes and Values:

1. *I believe that* it is important that each client gets the help, structure, and support he or she needs to succeed for <u>each</u> problem.



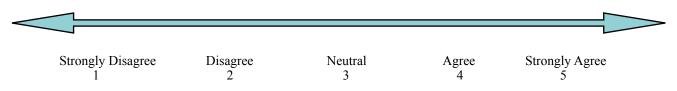
2. *I believe that* active treatment for any problem involves the client learning the skills and supports he or she needs in order to be successful in following the recommendations for that problem.

Strongly Disagree	Disagree 2	Neutral 3	Agree 4	Strongly Agree 5	

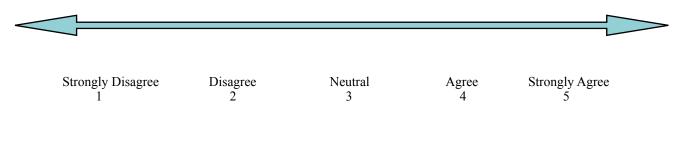
3. *I believe that* dual recovery peer support is a valuable resource for individuals with cooccurring disorders.

Strongly Disagree	Disagree 2	Neutral 3	Agree 4	Strongly Agree 5

4. *I believe that* reward is a much more effective way to promote learning recovery skills than punishment.

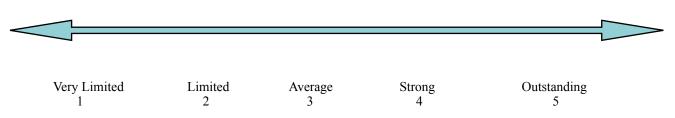


5. *I believe that* individuals with multiple co-occurring problems generally make progress slowly, and deserve rounds of applause for each small step of success, which could be just one day of being sober and taking medication.

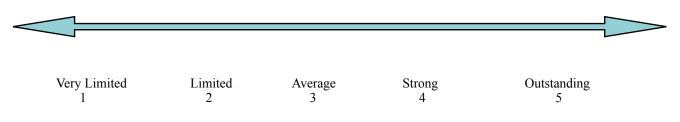


Please rate yourself on the strength of your knowledge and/or skills in the following areas:

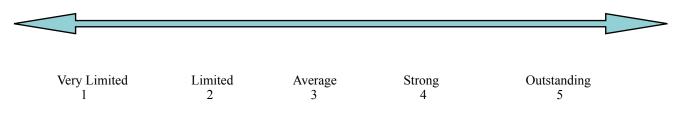
1. Helping clients break their learning process into small steps for <u>each</u> problem, so they have more structure to succeed.



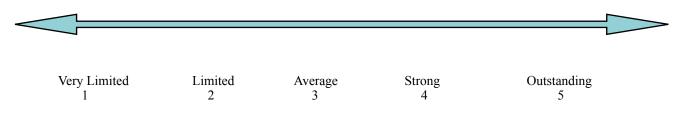
2. Teaching clients (or family members) basic skills about managing symptoms and following treatment recommendations for <u>each</u> of the co-occurring issues.



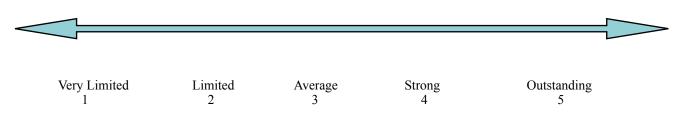
3. Helping clients learn how to ask for help from professionals or peers when they are having a hard time and/or in danger of relapse with their co-occurring issue.



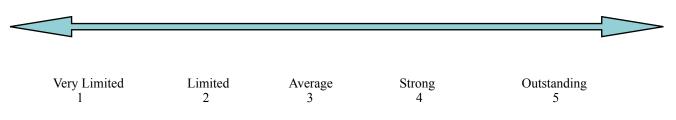
4. Knowing how to connect clients with co-occurring issues to peer recovery support groups, and teaching clients the skills they need to be successful in these groups.



5. Recognizing small steps of progress for <u>each</u> problem, and providing enthusiastic positive rewards for those small steps.



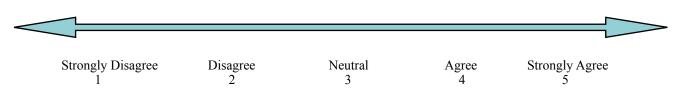
6. For each issue, finding the right balance between doing things for my clients and helping them to do things for themselves.



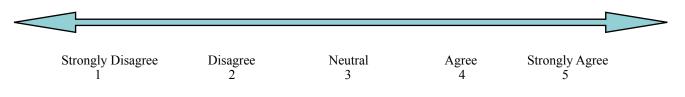
Principle 7: Recovery plans, interventions and outcomes must be individualized, so there is no single "correct" co-occurring program or intervention for everyone.

Attitude and Values:

1. *I believe that* there is no such thing as a single "correct" dual diagnosis program or intervention; interventions should always be individually matched according to client needs.



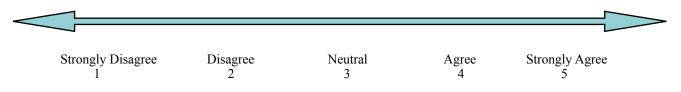
2. *I believe that* harm reduction and abstinence orientation are both valuable strategies when appropriately matched to the individual.



3. *I believe that* treatment or service plans for individuals and families with co-occurring disorders should be recovery-goal oriented, strength-based and integrated, with stage-matched objectives for each primary problem.

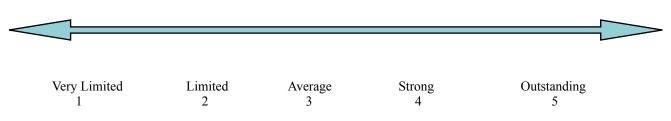
					>
Strongly Disagree	Disagree 2	Neutral 3	Agree 4	Strongly Agree 5	

4. *I believe that* for many clients and families it is important to recognize their small steps of progress as successful outcomes.

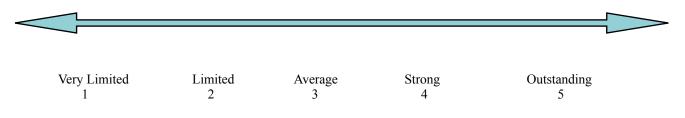


Please rate yourself on the strength of your knowledge and/or skills in the following areas:

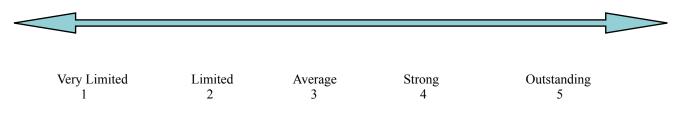
1. Developing and documenting an individualized integrated treatment or service plan based on the client's or family's own recovery goals and strengths.



2. Documenting a treatment or service plan with individualized stage-matched interventions for each primary problem.



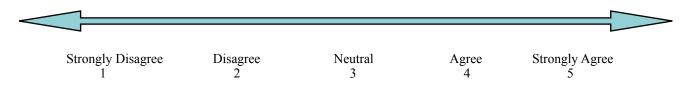
3. Knowing how to identify measurable small steps of progress for clients that are still using substances and/or are still having mental health symptoms.



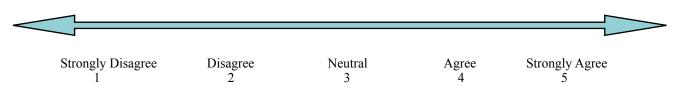
Principle 8: Comprehensive, Continuous, Integrated Systems of Care are designed so that all policies, procedures, practices, programs and clinicians become welcoming, recovery/resiliency oriented, and co-occurring capable.

Attitude and Values:

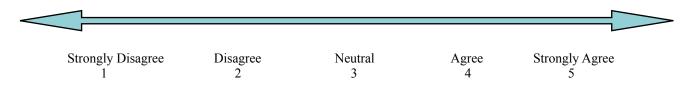
1. *I believe that* my <u>whole system</u> (for example, my state, province, county, district, or city) should work on becoming more welcoming, recovery-oriented, and integrated to better meet the needs of the individuals and families needing service.



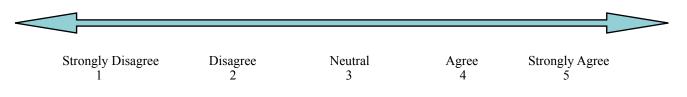
2. *I believe that* every program in the system (<u>including the one I work in</u>) can and should become welcoming, recovery-oriented, and co-occurring capable to better meet the needs of the individuals and families.



3. *I believe that* every person delivering clinical care should become welcoming, recovery oriented and have core competency to provide integrated services to people with co-occurring needs.

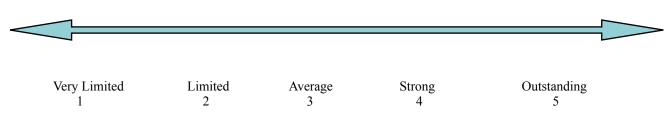


4. *I believe that* every funding stream in the system can be used to support billing or payment for integrated services.

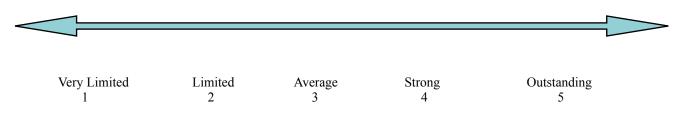


Please rate yourself on the strength of your knowledge and/or skills in the following areas:

1. Being familiar with the change process in my program or agency to make progress toward co-occurring capability.



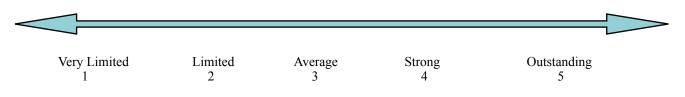
2. Being familiar with the change process in my state, province, or local system to make progress toward a welcoming, integrated system of care.



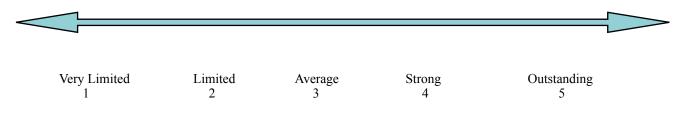
3. Being generally familiar with the clinical care policies, procedures, and practices that would be found in co-occurring capable adult or child mental health programs.

Very Limited	Limited 2	Average 3	Strong 4	Outstanding 5

4. Being generally familiar with the clinical care policies, procedures, and practices that would be found in co-occurring capable substance abuse prevention and treatment programs.



5. Knowing the policies and procedures in my program that permit billing, payment, and/or documentation for integrated services within any single funding stream or service code that I use.



PART I: CLINICIAN SECTION

CODECAT-EZ™ SCORING SHEET

СОДЕСАТ-ЕДТМ	Attitudes and Values	Knowledge and Skills
Principle 1		
Principle 2		
Principle 3		
Principle 4		
Principle 5		
Principle 6		
Principle 7		
Principle 8		
	Score:	Score:

CODECAT-EZTM

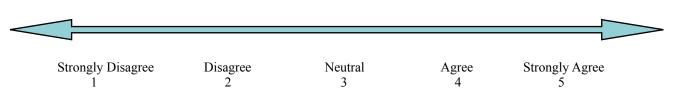
Combined Score: _____

PART 2: SUPERVISOR SECTION

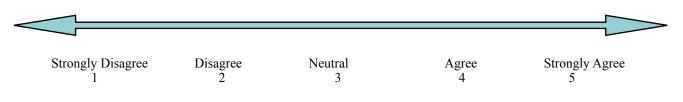
Principle 1: Co-occurring conditions and issues are an expectation, not an exception.

Attitudes and Values:

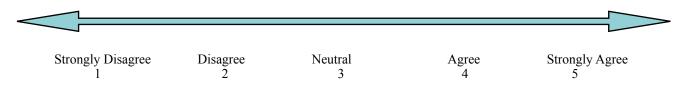
1. *The staff I supervise believe that* individuals and families with co-occurring issues should be welcomed wherever and whenever they present for care.



2. The staff I supervise believe that it is <u>never</u> appropriate to use negative labels (such as "manipulative," "non-compliant," "med-seeking") to describe clients (with or without co-occurring issues), even when the clients are not present.

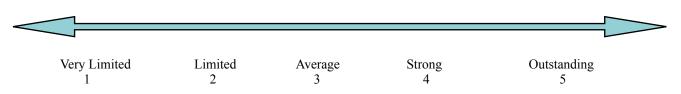


3. *The staff I supervise believe that* it is important to screen <u>all</u> clients for mental health issues, substance use issues, trauma issues, and medical issues.

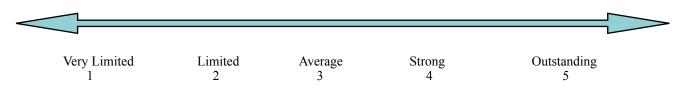


Please rate your staff on the strength of their knowledge and/or skills in the following areas:

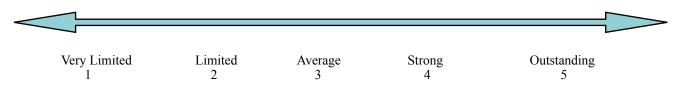
1. Welcoming clients and their families with co-occurring issues, including those with symptoms of mental illness and **active** substance use.



2. Talking <u>with and about</u> clients with co-occurring issues without using negative labels, such as "non-compliant," "manipulative," "med-seeking," or "sociopath."



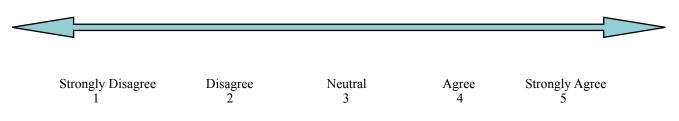
3. Screening for and documenting co-occurring mental health, substance use, trauma, and medical issues in individuals and families entering service.



Principle 2: The foundation of a recovery partnership is an empathic, hopeful, integrated, strength-based relationship.

Attitudes and Values:

1. *The staff I supervise believe that* providing hope to clients and families with complex needs is one of the most important goals when we meet them.



2. *The staff I supervise believe that* they should be "co-occurring competent" clinicians, whose job is to be helpful in an integrated manner to clients and families with <u>both</u> mental health and substance use issues.

					>
Strongly Disagree	Disagree 2	Neutral 3	Agree 4	Strongly Agree 5	

3. *The staff I supervise believe that* clients should be viewed as "recurrently successful" rather than as "chronic relapsers."

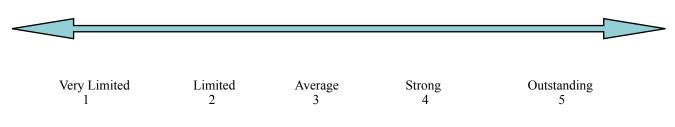
Strongly Disagree	Disagree 2	Neutral 3	Agree 4	Strongly Agree 5	

4. *The staff I supervise believe that* it is important to work with clients and families as a "dual recovery partner," to help them achieve <u>their</u> goals for a happy, productive life.

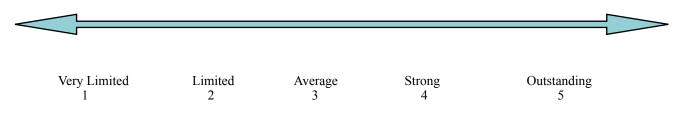
					-
Strongly Disagree 1	Disagree 2	Neutral 3	Agree 4	Strongly Agree 5	

Please rate your staff on the strength of their knowledge and/or skills in the following areas:

1. Asking clients and families to identify their most hopeful goals for a happy, productive life, and writing down their goals in their own words.



2. Working as an integrated "co-occurring competent" clinician, helping clients and families with <u>both</u> mental health and substance use issues make progress in each area.



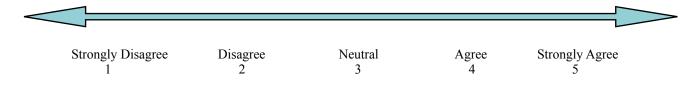
3. Knowing how to help clients with co-occurring issues identify a recent period of success in their lives, and working with the strengths they used to be successful to help them make further progress.

					>
Very Limited	Limited 2	Average	Strong 4	Outstanding 5	

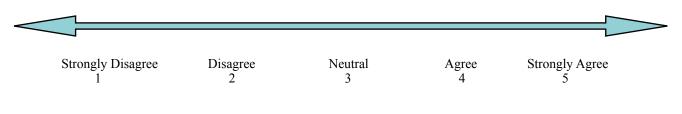
Principle 3: All people with co-occurring conditions and issues are not the same, so different parts of a system have responsibility to provide co-occurring capable services for different populations. *(Reference: The Four-Quadrant Model)*

Attitudes and Values:

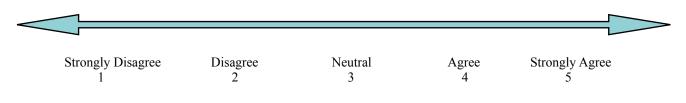
1. *The staff I supervise believe that* the mental health system is responsible for providing integrated services to children with serious emotional disturbance (SED) and adults with serious mental illness (SMI) who have co-occurring substance abuse and/or dependence.



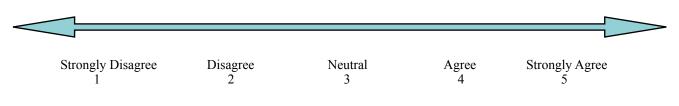
2. The staff I supervise believe that substance use disorder treatment programs should provide co-occurring capable services for people who have serious addiction and mild to moderate mental illness.



3. *The staff I supervise believe that* substance dependence (addiction) is a brain disease that is present in the brain even when the person with addiction is clean and sober.

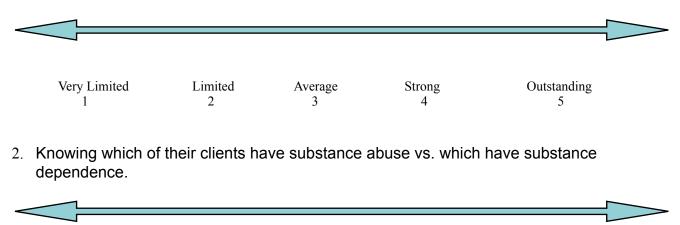


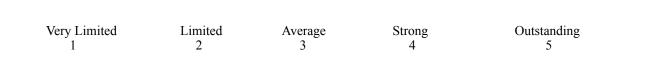
4. *The staff I supervise believe that* mental illnesses can usually be diagnosed by getting a good history even when the client is actively using substances.



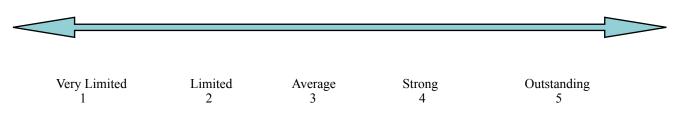
Please rate your staff on the strength of their knowledge and/or skills in the following areas:

1. Knowing what the "four-quadrant model" is.





3. Knowing how to distinguish (in their clients) signs and symptoms of mental illness from painful feelings and challenging behaviors that are "normal" reactions to difficult life circumstances.

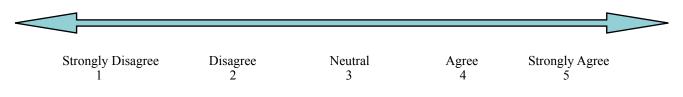


4. Knowing how to get a history from a client who is using substances to determine if he or she is likely to have a diagnosable mental illness.

Principle 4: When co-occurring conditions and issues coexist, each condition or issue is considered primary.

Attitudes and Values:

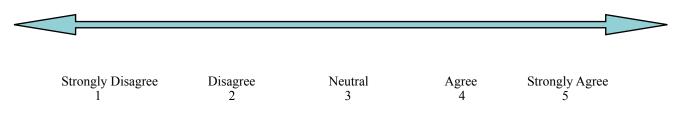
1. *The staff I supervise believe that* when individuals or families have multiple co-occurring problems or disorders, all the problems are "primary" because they are all important in the client's or family's life.



2. *The staff I supervise believe that* the best practice for individuals with co-occurring disorders is to provide accurately matched interventions for each primary disorder at the same time.

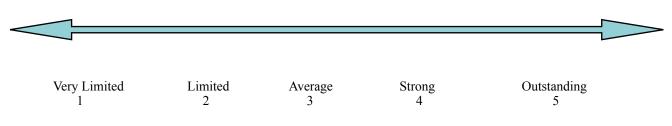
					>
Strongly Disagree	Disagree 2	Neutral 3	Agree 4	Strongly Agree 5	

3. *The staff I supervise believe that* it is important to maintain necessary and appropriate non-addictive medication for treatment of serious mental illness, even if the person is still using substances.

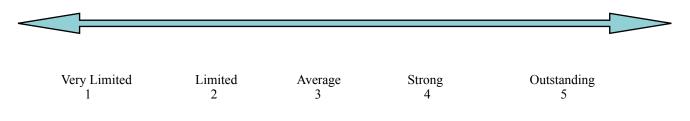


Please rate your staff on the strength of their knowledge and/or skills in the following areas:

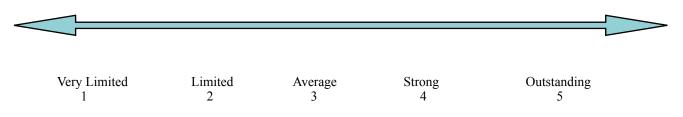
1. Listing multiple primary problems for each client (or family), starting with the issue that <u>the</u> <u>client</u> most wants to work on to achieve his or her recovery goals.



2. Helping the client (or family) identify a good set of recommendations for each problem, either by using clinical expertise, or by consulting with someone more knowledgeable than they are about that problem.



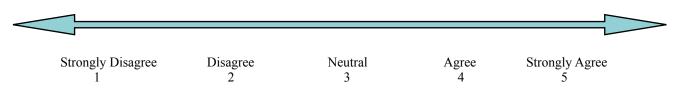
3. Helping clients (or family members) to integrate how to follow treatment recommendations for <u>each</u> of the co-occurring issues at the same time.



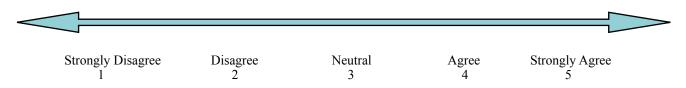
Principle 5: Recovery involves moving through stages of change and phases of recovery for each co-occurring condition and issue.

Attitudes and Values:

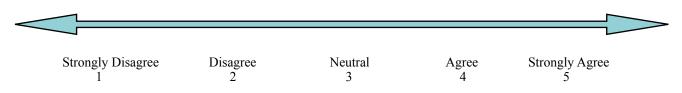
1. *The staff I supervise believe that* the concept of recovery can be applied to mental illness, addiction, and other chronic conditions, such as trauma.



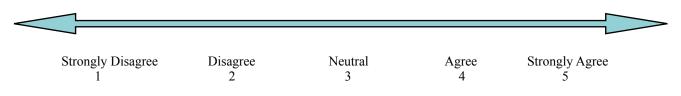
2. The staff I supervise believe that all clients and families, even when they are overwhelmed by complex problems, can use their strength and resilience to experience the promise and hope of recovery, and achieve a happy productive life.



3. *The staff I supervise believe that* when clients have multiple problems, they are often in different stages of change for different problems.

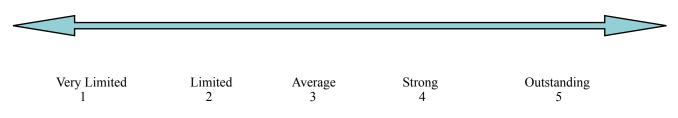


4. *The staff I supervise believe that* for any problem, helping individuals (or, if applicable, family members) move through stages of change is an important aspect of good treatment.

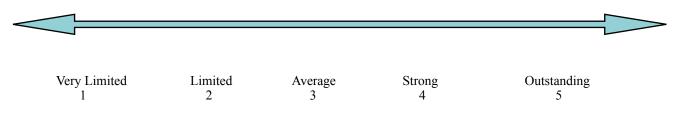


Please rate your staff on the strength of their knowledge and/or skills in the following areas:

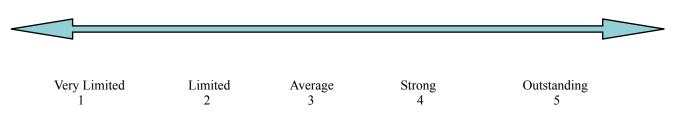
1. Talking to any client or family with co-occurring issues about the promise and hope of recovery.



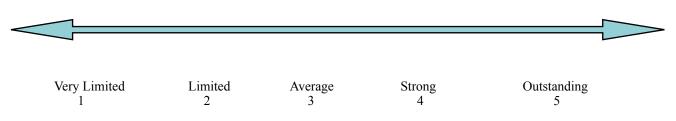
2. Identifying stage of change for each problem in their clients.



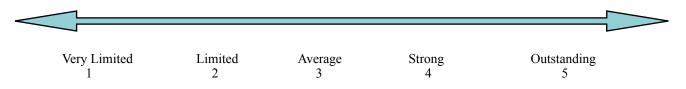
3. Knowing how to identify stage-matched interventions for each problem.



4. Using motivational interviewing strategies with clients who are in earlier stages of change.



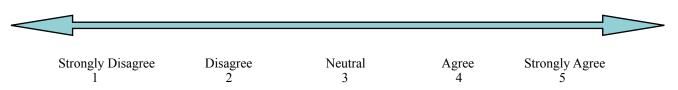
5. Welcoming and engaging clients' caregivers or significant others who may have significant substance use or mental health issues, and who are in earlier stages of change.



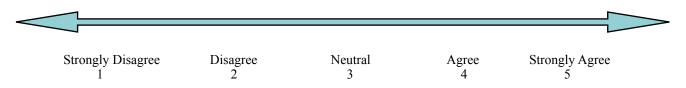
Principle 6: Progress occurs through adequately supported, adequately rewarded skill-based learning for each co-occurring condition and issue.

Attitudes and Values:

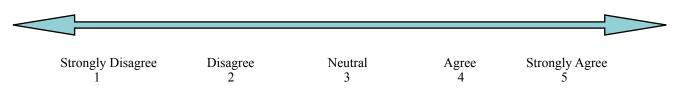
1. *The staff I supervise believe that* it is important that each client gets the help, structure, and support he or she needs to succeed for <u>each</u> problem.



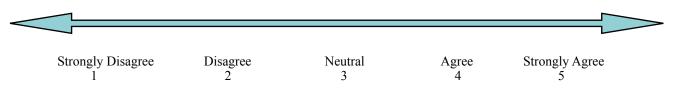
2. The staff I supervise believe that active treatment for any problem involves the client learning the skills and supports he or she needs in order to be successful in following the recommendations for that problem.



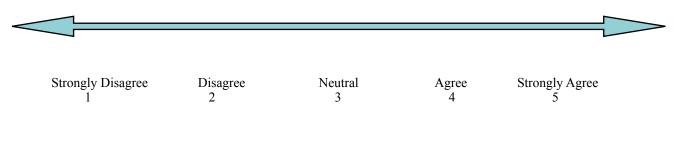
3. *The staff I supervise believe that* dual recovery peer support is a valuable resource for individuals with co-occurring disorders.



4. *The staff I supervise believe that* reward is a much more effective way to promote learning recovery skills than punishment.

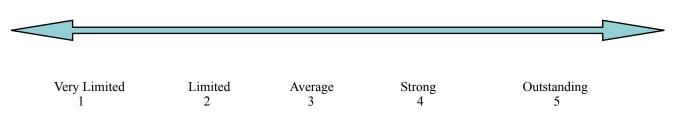


5. *The staff I supervise believe that* individuals with multiple co-occurring problems generally make progress slowly, and deserve rounds of applause for each small step of success, which could be just one day of being sober and taking medication.

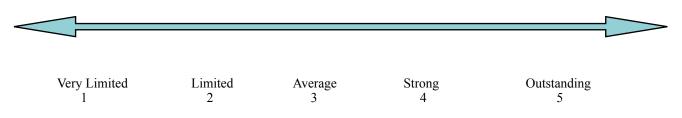


Please rate your staff on the strength of their knowledge and/or skills in the following areas:

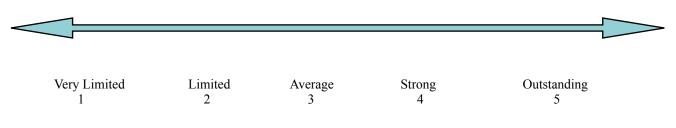
1. Helping clients break their learning process into small steps for <u>each</u> problem, so they have more structure to succeed.



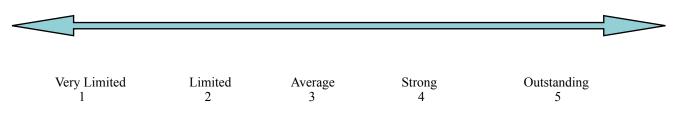
2. Teaching clients (or family members) basic skills about managing symptoms and following treatment recommendations for <u>each</u> of the co-occurring issues.



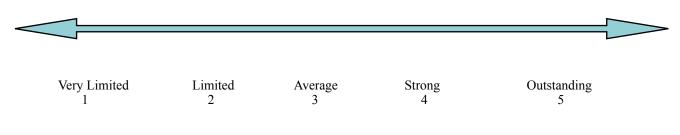
3. Helping clients learn how to ask for help from professionals or peers when they are having a hard time and/or in danger of relapse with their co-occurring issue.



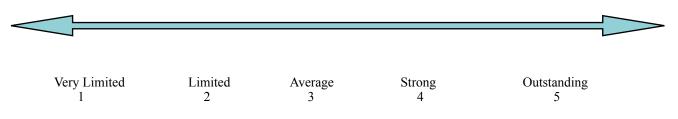
4. Knowing how to connect clients with co-occurring issues to peer recovery support groups, and teaching clients the skills they need to be successful in these groups.



5. Recognizing small steps of progress for <u>each</u> problem, and providing enthusiastic positive rewards for those small steps.



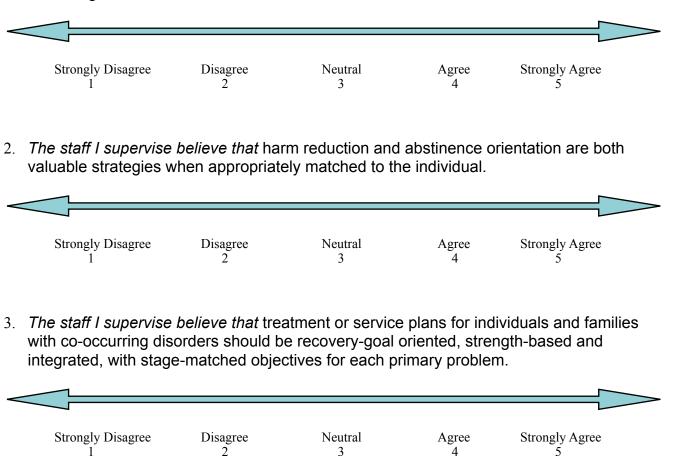
6. For each issue, finding the right balance between doing things for their clients and helping them to do things for themselves.



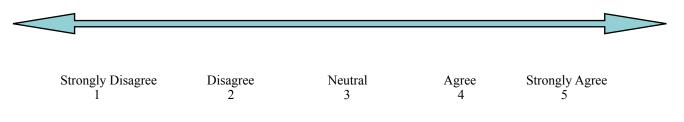
Principle 7: Recovery plans, interventions and outcomes must be individualized, so there is no single "correct" co-occurring program or intervention for everyone.

Attitude and Values:

1. *The staff I supervise believe that* there is no such thing as a single "correct" dual diagnosis program or intervention; interventions should always be individually matched according to client needs.

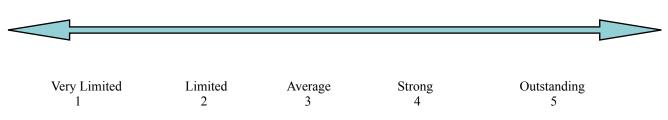


4. *The staff I supervise believe that* for many clients and families it is important to recognize their small steps of progress as successful outcomes.

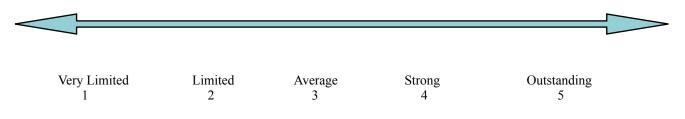


Please rate your staff on the strength of their knowledge and/or skills in the following areas:

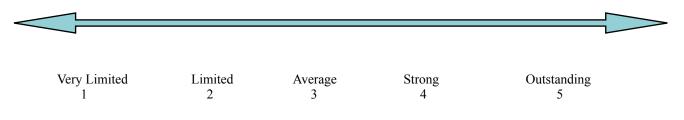
1. Developing and documenting an individualized integrated treatment or service plan based on the client's or family's own recovery goals and strengths.



2. Documenting a treatment or service plan with individualized stage-matched interventions for each primary problem.



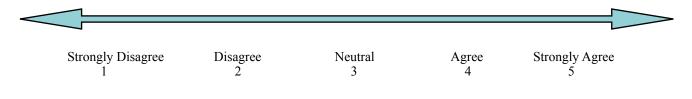
3. Knowing how to identify measurable small steps of progress for clients that are still using substances and/or are still having mental health symptoms.



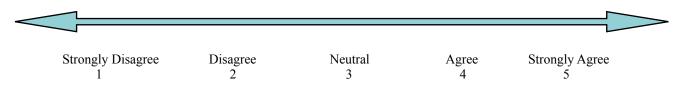
Principle 8: Comprehensive, Continuous, Integrated Systems of Care are designed so that all policies, procedures, practices, programs and clinicians become welcoming, recovery/resiliency oriented, and co-occurring capable.

Attitude and Values:

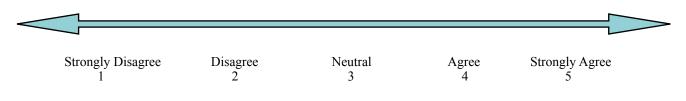
1. *The staff I supervise believe that* our <u>whole system</u> (for example, our state, province, county, district, or city) should work on becoming more welcoming, recovery-oriented, and integrated to better meet the needs of the individuals and families needing service.



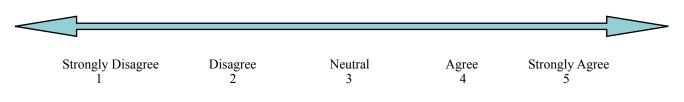
2. The staff I supervise believe that every program in the system (including the one we work in) can and should become welcoming, recovery-oriented, and co-occurring disorder capable to better meet the needs of the individuals and families.



3. The staff I supervise believe that every person delivering clinical care should become welcoming, recovery oriented and have core competency to provide integrated services to people with co-occurring needs.

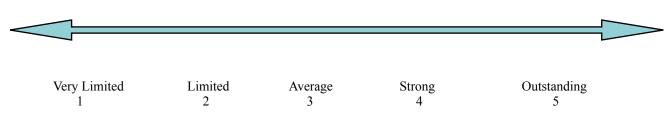


4. *The staff I supervise believe that* every funding stream in the system can be used to support billing or payment for integrated services.

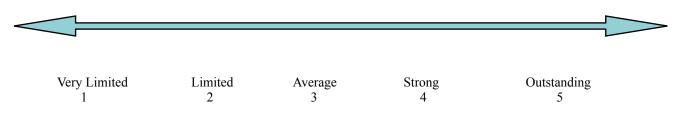


Please rate your staff on the strength of their knowledge and/or skills in the following areas:

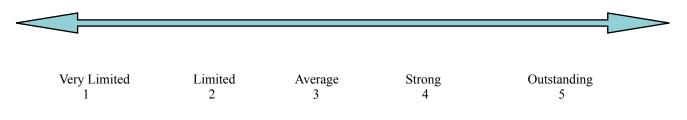
1. Being familiar with the change process in our program or agency to make progress toward co-occurring capability.



2. Being familiar with the change process in our state, province, or local system to make progress toward a welcoming, integrated system of care.

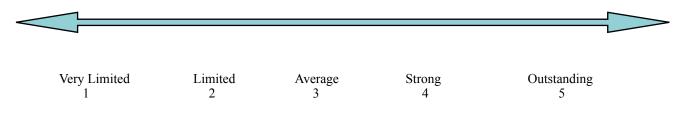


3. Being generally familiar with the clinical care policies, procedures, and practices that would be found in co-occurring capable adult or child mental health programs.



4. Being generally familiar with the clinical care policies, procedures, and practices that would be found in co-occurring capable substance abuse prevention and treatment programs.

5. Knowing the policies and procedures in our program that permit billing, payment, and/or documentation for integrated services within any single funding stream or service code that we use.



PART 2: SUPERVISOR SECTION

CODECAT-EZ™ SCORING SHEET

CODECAT-EZ TM	Attitudes and Values	Knowledge and Skills
Principle 1		
Principle 2		
Principle 3		
Principle 4		
Principle 5		
Principle 6		
Principle 7		
Principle 8		
	Score:	Score:

CODECAT-EZTM Score Combined Score: _____